

PRIMARIES FOR POPULISTS

State Campaign Will Open in Douglas County Thursday Evening.

THREE LOCAL CANDIDATES FOR GOVERNOR

Yeiser, Deaver and Peabody Each Hustling to Secure the Delegates to the State Convention and Each Confident.

The populist primaries in Douglas county will be held Thursday evening from 7 to 9 o'clock, and simultaneously therewith it may be said that the state campaign, so far as that party is concerned, will be opened. The whole interest in the primaries of this county centers around the nomination for governor, and for the first time in years there will be a genuine contest in many, if not all of the wards and precincts, with at least two tickets in the field.

John O. Yeiser, D. Clem Deaver, and Dr. J. H. Peabody are all anxious to secure the eighty-one delegates from this county to further their candidacy for the gubernatorial nomination. The first two named have been active candidates for several months, and have their fences well established with the people. Dr. Peabody, on the other hand, has been making a still hunt, but it has not been until within the last few days that he has openly announced himself as a candidate. He has been acting in a very different manner from the other two, and has been making a still hunt, but it has not been until within the last few days that he has openly announced himself as a candidate. He has been acting in a very different manner from the other two, and has been making a still hunt, but it has not been until within the last few days that he has openly announced himself as a candidate.

Mr. Yeiser was a member of the last legislature, made so in face of an adverse majority at the polls by the abuse of power by the populist majority in that organization. He became conspicuous there by succeeding in having passed his initiative and referendum bill, which has had no other effect up to date than occupying a few pages of printed matter in the compiled statutes of the state and a nugatory proceeding in court.

Mr. Deaver is at present the steward and bookkeeper at the Institute for the Deaf and Dumb in this city, being an appointee of Governor Hendricks. He has long been identified with the populist party in this county and with local labor circles. Four years ago he was the candidate of his party for congress in this district against D. H. Mercer.

Peabody's Candidacy. Dr. Peabody is a member of the alleged reform police commission which was declared to have legal existence by the supreme court of the state a few weeks ago, but which still hangs on by the slender thread of an injunction. It is suggested by a populist, who is evidently not a friend of the doctor's, that he trusted to a still hunt and the efficacy of the police force to win the Douglas county delegation, and he announced his candidacy openly when the supreme court decided that the members of the police force were under no obligations to the doctor in his assumed legal capacity.

The county convention which is to select the delegates to the state convention is to be held Saturday afternoon, probably in the Woodman hall in the Crounse block, although the place has not been definitely announced. There will be 151 delegates in the convention, eighty-one from the city and seventy from the country. There will be nine delegates from each ward in the city, twenty from South Omaha and four from each of the country precincts. In addition to selecting the state delegation the convention will choose a new county committee.

As to the result of the primaries little can be said other than that the candidates seem to be confident of success. The friends of Mr. Yeiser think there is no longer any question that he will have a large majority in the convention, strong enough to give him a solid delegation, and that he will stay with him through the contest. Mr. Deaver and his friends are also confident, but are not so boastful as the Yeiser following. They say the outlook at this time is more than favorable and think the votes will show them in the end. With Dr. Peabody all appears to be problematical. No one will venture a guess and his friends hint at surprise and unexpected developments.

There are no less than eighteen candidates mentioned for governor in all parts of the state under the populist banner. Of these two are Democrats—Edgar Howard of Papillion and Attorney General Smyth of Omaha. The Douglas county democratic committee last Saturday selected the delegation to the democratic state convention, and it was instructed to work for the nomination of Mr. Smyth.

The populist candidates include nearly every district judge in the state of that political faith. Judge John R. Thompson of Grand Island being looked upon as the most formidable opponent of Mr. Yeiser. Stark of Aurora is still being discussed as a candidate, notwithstanding his published announcement to the contrary. Among the other populist candidates are Speaker Gaffin, Judge William Neville, W. A. Fryer, Lieutenant Governor Harris and Oil Inspector Edmisten.

SONS OF VETERANS COMING

Local Camps Preparing for the Reception of the National Convention of the Order.

Plans are being perfected for the entertainment of the delegates to the national camp of the Sons of Veterans which is to be held in Omaha during the first week in September. The location of the convention at Omaha was due to the efforts of Senator John M. Thurston, P. J. Coates, George Wolf, J. Howard Heine and Colonel W. H. Davis, who composed the committee which attended the last convention at Indianapolis and brought this year's convention to Omaha.

Although almost 40 per cent of the members of the order have enlisted in the volunteer army it is expected that the convention will be the largest in the history of the order. Letters are received continually from men who expect to come and are anxious to secure accommodations. Among the prominent men who will be here is Major A. P. Davis of Pittsburg, Pa., the founder of the order. Major Davis has never missed a convention of the Sons of Veterans and takes great pride in watching the growth of the order, which he began in a small way and has developed into one of the most influential patriotic organizations in the country.

The Boys at Chickamauga Delighted. Before leaving for Chickamauga park, Ga., Lieutenant George E. Bass, fifty-second Iowa volunteers, procured a few bottles of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. The boys were delighted with the quick cures of diarrhoea which it effected. To meet the demand, Lieutenant Bass ordered four dozen bottles more by express and sold the whole of it in one day, except three bottles kept for his own use and for personal friends. He says that the remedy is pleasant and safe to take. It is the most successful medicine in the world for bowel complaints. For sale by all druggists.

SCENE SHIFTERS PEACEFUL

Stage Hands Get Their Big Row Adjusted and Are Ready to Do Business.

The Executive Board of the National Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees was in secret session all day yesterday, beginning at 9 in the morning and continuing business until nearly 6 o'clock, with only a short recess for lunch. "It was rather a stormy meeting," said President Norman, "but now everything is settled to the satisfaction and we are as amiable and peaceful as so many lambs."

It was all the result of a misunderstanding in which some of the officers were to blame because of not attending to the regular meetings. G. W. Glenney of Chicago, secretary of the Alliance, together with a few of the members of the Executive Board, had these charges made against them because they did not attend to business, and the affairs of the association became so mixed up that the local in Omaha thought it time to take the matter into their own hands. The discussion over the charges was a long one which lasted three hours Monday evening and eight hours yesterday.

After the long session yesterday morning and afternoon it was decided to give the members of the association a rest, and no meeting was held in the evening. This morning the affairs of the Alliance will not be kept so secret and the sergeant-at-arms will not look with so much scrutiny on all who try to enter. Yesterday the board cleared all the officers charged with unofficial business and laid no blame whatever to their actions.

These stage employees are naturally a stormy lot of individuals, and as their secretary said on the day of the first session, "Nothing is the matter, we always have more or less fighting in our midst." All of their sessions in Omaha seem to have been along this order. When asked about the secret sessions yesterday the sergeant-at-arms said, "yes, it's pretty lively in here, we haven't called for the ambulance or the police force yet, but they're having some warm work in there now."

After the conclusion of yesterday afternoon's meeting one member said he didn't think it was a very noisy meeting. "Why you should see them sometimes; this session is hardly a circumstance to what we have had in the past. I was in a meeting in the south they went at each other with their nails and hats and visages were smashed right and left. No, I don't consider that our present session has been a very stormy one."

It was the word with all the delegates that the word was to be to the delegates of the Executive Board and only the fact that the officers were cleared could be ascertained from them.

KNIFE TO CLOSE THE DEAL

Real Estate Trade that Gets the Parties Into Several Sorts of Trouble.

Earl Floyd, who is alleged to be a land swindler by Julius Jorgensen, proprietor of the Pioneer hotel, Twelfth and Farnam streets, is in the city jail for an attempt on the life of Jorgensen. Floyd attacked Jorgensen with a knife yesterday afternoon and would have seriously injured him had it not been for the interference of the hotel cook, Henry Smith, who grappled with Floyd and received a bad wound in one of his hands.

The assault is the sequel of a real estate transaction between Floyd and Jorgensen. Saturday Floyd, who posed at the hotel as a land owner from Missouri, offered Jorgensen acres of land in Stoddard county, Missouri, in exchange for the hotel property, which Jorgensen held at \$800. On the last Floyd said there were 402 fruit trees and a six-room house. Jorgensen accepted the offer and Floyd made over a deed to the hotel man, who in turn gave him a bill of sale for the hotel furnishings. Sunday Jorgensen wired to the county clerk of Stoddard county asking for information about the land and received a reply from a real estate agent who signed himself Walter Phelan and who claimed the land was not his. He immediately sought Floyd, who had taken possession of the hotel, and asked for an explanation, but received no satisfaction. Monday evening he went before Justice Clark at Benson and took out a writ of habeas corpus. With the justice and a constable he went back to the hotel to serve the writ, but Floyd would not listen to his reading and ordered the trio out of the house.

Floyd became so violent toward the constable that a policeman was called and Floyd was placed under arrest, charged with disorderly conduct. Yesterday afternoon his case was heard in police court and he was given a suspended sentence of twenty days. Immediately on his release he was arrested by Constable Hardy of Justice Houck's court, charged with having a city warrant upon him. He was released, however, an hour after on bonds of \$300. Upon his release he went to the hotel armed with a knife and sought the life of Jorgensen. The latter promises to swear out warrants against Floyd for swindling.

Troops Will All Leave Tampa. WASHINGTON, July 19.—The troops under General Copeland, which do not go to Porto Rico will be transferred to Ferdinand on account of the malaria at Tampa, where they are now quartered.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Commander Booth-Tucker, chief of the Salvation army in the United States, visits Omaha August 14. The place and date of meeting will be given later.

The regular monthly meeting of the Visiting Nurses' association will be held at 4 p. m. Thursday afternoon at the Young Men's Christian association room.

The Newboys' union members are pushing the sale of their picnic tickets with great vigor. The boys promise to show a merry time to their patrons Sunday.

Driver Osborne of the police patrol, injured in an accident that befell his team and wagon Sunday, was much better last night and it is believed that his condition will continue to improve.

One Iowa banker appears not to be entirely acquainted with the revenue laws, for he has forwarded to City Treasurer Edwards a city warrant upon which he had pasted a 2-cent internal revenue stamp.

The Boston Ladies' Military band arrived in Omaha yesterday and went to the exposition immediately where it will be giving a long engagement.

Members about twenty-five members and all the members are women with the exception of the leader.

A \$500 damage suit was brought yesterday against the Street Railway company by Andrew Gibson, a street cleaner, for injuries alleged to have been sustained by being run over at the exposure stand May 11. Among other injuries he says five of his ribs were broken.

Maurice J. Scannel died at his late residence, 912 North Twenty-sixth street, at 8 a. m. July 19. Funeral from residence to St. John's Catholic church at 8:30 a. m. Thursday. Interment at Holy Sepulcher cemetery. Comrades George Crook Post will take notice and be in attendance.

A transcript of judgment in the appeal of the United States for the benefit of H. H. Sudendorf against Orlando J. King, John A. Doe and Albert C. Foster was filed with the district clerk yesterday. Suit was brought in March to recover \$166.55, but the jury in Judge Baxter's court found for the defendants.

Mrs. M. Phelps, employed in a small laundry at 1422 Phelps street, was rather severely burned about the breast and face yesterday morning when a gas stove exploded. She was using the oil near a fire when it flared up, the blaze communicating to her clothing. Her injuries, while painful, are not serious.

RESTRAINING ORDERS WORK

Judge Scott Seems Unable to Get Service on Sheriff McDonald.

EFFECT OF INJUNCTIONS IS APPARENT

Officers of the District Court Are Enjoined from Interfering with One Another in the Exercise of Their Functions.

All yesterday a clerk, representing Attorney Mahoney, the counsel for the Streets of Cairo, was around the court house trying to find Sheriff McDonald. He has some kind of a writ or citation to thrust upon Mr. McDonald, purporting to come from Judge Scott. It is supposed that it is the citation issued by the judge Monday ordering the sheriff to appear Thursday and show cause why he should not be amerced for not having produced the four concessionaires of the Streets of All Nations before the judge in the last of several contempt proceedings. Sheriff McDonald has been prevented from doing so by the restraining order of Judges Keyser, Powell and Slabaugh.

The clerk was up early yesterday morning to catch the coroner to get him to serve the supposed writ on the sheriff, as it was supposed Coroner Swanson was going to Lincoln to get out of the way for a little while to avoid the trouble. In the corner made up his mind to stay at home and stand on the protection afforded him by the order of the three judges, and this foiled the clerk, who thereupon concluded to go on a still hunt after the sheriff personally. However, Mr. McDonald was not to be found.

Albyn Frank, the clerk of the district court, has not yet made out any writ to be served upon the sheriff. He said all he has received has been a copy of Judge Scott's order. Beyond that he is not opening his mouth or committing himself in any way.

Scott Is Powerless.

Judge Keyser, when asked about it, explained that District Clerk Albyn Frank would not make out any writ against the sheriff without a court order. He said the order of the three judges, which he had in his hand, was a restraining order which Judges Keyser, Powell and Slabaugh had made; also that if he did draw up the writ for service nobody could be found to serve it because the coroner had been enjoined from drawing up the writ. The order did by any means get to the sheriff, which is improbable in the face of the Keyser-Powell-Slabaugh injunction, the sheriff cannot obey it without running up against the three judges.

Coroner Swanson did, early in the day, previous attempt to serve on the sheriff a citation in contempt from Judge Scott, but Mr. McDonald flashed the restraining order issued by the three judges upon him and the coroner could do nothing, although it had been the intention of Judge Scott to have the sheriff arrested by the coroner then and there.

With the sheriff and his deputies enjoined from interfering with the liberty and business of the Streets of All Nations people, the corner enjoined from molesting the sheriff and the clerk of the district court enjoined from drawing up the writ, there is nothing left for Judge Scott to do, it would seem, but to be resigned to the situation. Judge Keyser says it effectually settles Judge Scott's method of trying to tie up the Streets of All Nations, and as he had threatened to do so, he will not do so. He said the entire case will be settled by the time it would have been too late for the Streets of All Nations concessionaires to have secured redress for their loss of business.

Judge Scott was asked during the morning what he would do about it in case he could not get the entire case settled. "We will see to that," was his reply. He seems confident that he has a strong trump card back of everything yet to play, but he will not say what it is.

ANOTHER CONTEMPT CASE

Judge Scott Has the Nebraska Children's Home Society Before His Bar.

Judge Scott of the district court has still another contempt case pending. It involves the Nebraska Children's Home Society. He has ordered its president, L. D. Holmes, and its superintendent, Elmer P. Quivey, to appear Friday and give a reason why they should not be held in contempt for failing to produce certain children—wards of the society—certainly under last Saturday. The secretary of the society is Rev. L. P. Ludden of Lincoln, and on its board of managers are W. A. Saunders, W. H. Alexander, Governor S. A. Holcomb, W. P. Harford, Rev. S. Wright Butler of St. Mary's Avenue Congregational church, Rev. R. L. Wheeler, I. W. Carpenter and other equally prominent men.

The case at issue is a habeas corpus one brought by Benjamin P. Dodd and his wife of Grand Island, parents of the children being fought over. They had ten children, which were growing up with more liberty than care. Eventually the parents prevailed upon to place the children of the church in the hands of the society for better keeping. A suit in equity to recover the children was first brought by Dodd and his wife. Judge Scott intimated to their attorney that the better way to bring the case to a successful issue would be by instituting habeas corpus proceedings. This was done, the other suit being dropped. The habeas corpus proceedings made the society and Superintendent Quivey the respondents. A. S. Churchill represented the petitioners and Carroll S. Montgomery the respondents.

On behalf of his clients Mr. Montgomery filed an answer to the effect that the children are outside the custody of the society and not within the jurisdiction of the court, as they have been placed with people brought up from a distance from Douglas county from each other. The society has already been adopted, and the other three are in the hands of people under contract with the society. Mr. Churchill moved to quash the answer on the grounds that it is not sufficient. The court sustained this motion. An amended answer was filed the same date. The court issued an order commanding the respondents to produce the children on Saturday. When Saturday came there were no children on hand. Hence the contempt order against Messrs. Holmes and Quivey.

An effort is to be made by the counsel for the Nebraska Children's Home Society to have the case removed to some other court on the ground that Judge Scott has pre-conceived bias, inasmuch as he suggested the habeas corpus proceedings.

Suits for Divorce. Two divorce suits were begun yesterday by the filing of complaints. In one Edna M. Turney charges her husband, to whom she was married at Summer Island, fourteen years ago, with failure to provide for a child, a boy, Clarence H. Turney, born in 1881. The other suit is by Tillie Clark against William F. Clark. They were married, she says, in 1891, and have one child, a boy named William, 4 years old. She alleges cruel treatment.

INJURED PRINTER ACTS QUEER

Ossie McNamara Spends His Time Setting Imaginary Type at the Police Station.

Ossie McNamara, who received a blow on the head early yesterday morning, seems to be suffering from a mental derangement as the result of the assault. During the day yesterday he was partially conscious, but was apparently unable to talk. He spent most of the time going through the motions of a printer setting up type, that being his usual occupation. Last night he had not regained consciousness and continued to act strangely. The wound on the head is not considered dangerous, as there is no fracture of the skull.

McNamara's assailant has not been arrested and no trace of him has been found. McNamara spent most of Monday evening in the saloons in that neighborhood in company with two men. The one who later struck the blow provided the money and the others drank at his expense. The police are of the opinion that McNamara's senses were finally tried to collect further funds by force and that the other man proved too strong for them. The story of Stephen Dyer, cousin of McNamara and in his company, is that they were sitting in the alley near Tenth and Douglas streets when McNamara's assailant ran out of the saloon at that corner and attacked the men with an iron bar. He can give no reason for the attack.

DAY FOR MINNESOTA

(Continued from First Page.)

cert to see the musicians wipe from the moustaches of their instruments the blood that had oozed from their cracked and swollen lips. This is one of the disadvantages of the musicians to put the same spirit into their work when it is performed at the expense of so much physical discomfort.

Farmer Westbrook's Opinion.

Edward Westbrook of British Columbia was upon the grounds yesterday and devoted most of his time to visiting the Agricultural building. He is a wealthy farmer, residing a few miles from Vancouver and is on his way to the exposition to see the show through the east. Speaking of the exposition he said that on the whole it was the best that he had ever seen.

"The agricultural exhibit is something that is simply wonderful," said Mr. Westbrook. "The display of the products of the soil is the best I have ever seen. Take the Douglas county exhibit for instance, none finer could be placed before the people. The corn strikes me as being about the best ever produced. The fruit is simply grand and to go through the exhibit is a real treat. The exposition is going to be a grand success. All through the east where I went people were talking about it and later in the season there will be great crowds here."

Lions Almost Eat Lewis.

Prof. Lewis of the Hagenback Animal show sustained some injuries yesterday that sent him to the hospital. He was in one of the dens with a litter of lion cubs when he was attacked by one of the cubs. The professor struck at the animal and as he did so another of the cubs leaped upon his back and commenced to claw into his flesh. This was the signal for two more of the cubs to enter the fray. During the next ten minutes the professor was being torn and rolled up and down over the sawdust, first one being on top and then the other. At length the professor succeeded in beating the lions off and upon emerging from the den he took an inventory of his wounds. He discovered that he had a deep laceration on his forehead, a severe scalp wound and a cut half an inch deep and six inches long across the small of his back.

Pleases the Press Men.

William S. Brewer and five other members of the Union Associated Press were on the exposition grounds today. The party came from New York City, where the company has its headquarters. Mr. Brewer is the president and general manager. The party was met down town by Colonel Richardson of the press bureau and escorted to the grounds, where the members spent the greater portion of the day. Speaking of the exposition Mr. Brewer said that it was beyond the best thing I have ever seen in the way of an exposition. The buildings are so delightfully arranged. The style of architecture is of the best and the exhibits are wonderful.

Religious Services.

In accordance with a suggestion from the executive committee General Manager Clarkson has appointed Rev. T. J. Mackay, Rev. John H. Newell and Rev. S. Wright Butler a committee to arrange Sunday religious services at the Auditorium. It is proposed to hold these services every Sunday afternoon during the remainder of the exposition and the character of the exercises will be left entirely to the committee. It is expected that a number of the prominent western divines of various denominations will be heard during the summer, as most of them will attend the exposition and will readily consent to assist in the religious feature of the enterprise.

No More Thomas Orchestra.

It has been practically settled that the Thomas orchestra will not return for a second engagement at the exposition. It had been planned that another series of concerts should be given by this celebrated organization during September, but this has been dropped. It was decided that the weather would still be too warm during most of the month to permit indoor concerts. The Thomas orchestra has been very largely to the popularity of the June engagement could not be secured. The exposition management is ready to engage the orchestra for October, but it has other dates for that month.

Notes of the Exposition.

The Nebraska Telephone company will have its new telephone in operation some time this week.

The gardeners have trimmed the dead leaves and weeds out of the flower beds on the bluff tract. The result is that the grounds are much more attractive and very materially changed for the better.

The colored lights in the electric fountain in the basin of the lagoons have been changed to red, green and blue. The spray shoots twenty feet into the air and has all the colors of the rainbow.

Montgomery Ward & Co., who say they are not looking for city trade, say their trade is among the farmers. Salesmen, mechanics and laborers, are creating an impression among Omaha people that if we were to take city trade. Many of our best families will buy their sewing machine at \$19.50, for it is well known that they are a most reliable and a satisfactory machine. This machine to be as good as the best it's simply so and counts with Omaha people.

Some time ago the exposition management considered the advisability of closing the admission gates on the north tract. Since then, however, the men in charge of the admission department have changed their minds and this gate is one that will stay. During the last few days the gate on the extreme north side has been the popular place for visiting the exposition, realizing that there is a crowd usually at the Sherman avenue and the Twenty-fourth street gates, have ridden round to the north side and upon entering the grounds have passed down Twentieth street. While this entrance is growing in popularity and drawing a crowd of real worth will not become apparent until the Indian congress exhibit is fully established, which will be in the course of a couple of weeks.

CITY COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Much Discussion Over the Condition of the Road Repair Fund.

NO MONEY TO COMPLETE WORK BEGUN

Board of Public Works Points Out the Condition and Finance Committee Will Try to Apply the Remedy.

Lack of funds and needed repairs to the streets made necessary by the damage done by the recent rains combined to present a difficulty to the city council at last night's meeting which it could not get around very easily.

The predicament of having almost exhausted already the \$12,000 street improvement appropriation forced itself on the attention of the city fathers in a communication from the Board of Public Works. According to the financial statement which had been prepared by Comptroller Westberg the road fund has dwindled down to an available balance of \$549.84. The communication from the board called the council's attention to the fact that about \$2,000 worth of unfinished work is in hand and the rains had damaged the streets to about \$2,500 more.

"The lines of your retrenchment are too radical," observed the document, "to permit compliance with them and at the same time keep the streets of the city in proper condition. It is the duty of the council to take action that would relieve the situation." Councilman Karr, whose ward, the Sixth, has suffered considerably from the rains, was eager to see something done at once. The comptroller's statement showed \$8,792.22 still in the general fund, which he contended could be used, saying that since the water from the rains had dried up it had left numerous holes in the north part of the city, to which Councilman Bechel quickly referred that "there is a big hole in the general fund, too." The council concluded to look to the general fund for the purpose of street repairs and, on a motion by Mr. Bechel referred the matter to the finance committee.

Some Minor Repairs Ordered.

Quite a few little improvements involving trifling sums managed to get through under suspension of the rules, though eventually Councilman Bechel voiced an apprehension that there was just a little too much of that kind of thing and that proper reference to committee should be insisted upon. Some bridges at Thirty-third, Thirty-fourth and Louck streets, among other things, were taken care of in this manner, but when Mr. Karr had a resolution to fix up the road and the sidewalk at Ames avenue and Fortieth street, Councilman Stuit made a vigorous kick, and the only way the matter could be compromised was to direct the Board of Public Works to see to the repairs there if absolutely imperative.

Some discussion, too, was prompted by the report of the finance committee. The council generally agreed that the bills for street lighting should be first passed upon by the gas inspector and the electrician; also that the water bills should have the sanction of the fire and police committee.

The committee had reported against the payment of \$400 to M. B. Reese, who had been employed as special counsel on behalf of the city by a majority of the councilmen, at a meeting in the mayor's office, in the fire and police commission case. President Bingham took the floor and moved that this portion of the report be stricken out. Mr. Stuit, one of the members of the committee, objected strenuously on the ground that there was no record of the council having employed Mr. Reese. Mr. Bingham stated that Mr. Reese had been duly employed, though Mr. Stuit had not been present at the time, and explained, on objection to a contention of Mr. Stuit, that the council had a perfect right to employ additional counsel whenever necessary. Mr. Stuit's position being the same as that of the report, to-wit, that the council had already a city attorney and an assistant and did not have need of additional legal help. This position, however, Mr. Stuit did not take until after the motion of Mr. Bingham to strike out the adverse recommendation of the report had been carried without opposition from even Mr. Stuit, himself. The question will be covered under the head of miscellaneous expenditure under Mr. Bingham's motion.

Some Street Sweeping Bills.

The recommendation of the report referring a street sweeping bill of \$126 to the committee on street improvements was agreed to. A communication from the Board of Public Works asking the council to take some action in the matter of the arrangement by which a street sweeping machine had been employed at \$3 a day, payment to be applied on the purchase of the machine at \$600 for 200 days, was also referred to the same committee. By the use of this machine, said the communication, the city had been enabled to clean its streets for less than 45 miles.

Among the new ordinances introduced was one from the fire, water and police committee as a substitute for the present plumbers' ordinance. It would make the certificate for competency for master plumbers \$5 instead of \$10, with \$2 for renewal, and for journeyman plumbers \$3, with \$1 for renewal. Various hardships complained of in the present ordinance would be done away with, but the building inspector would be retained instead of being substituted by the health inspector, as the plumbers wanted. The customary reference was made.

Mr. Bechel introduced, by request, an ordinance to license and regulate railroad ticket scalpers. It proposes to impose a license of \$25, require the scalpers to wear an exposed badge to distinguish them, make the buying and selling of tickets which are invalid in the hands of purchasers a nuisance punishable by from \$25 to \$50 fine, and would not permit the employment of solicitors. Each ticket broker will be required to give a bond of \$2,000, and he will have to give a certificate to the purchaser with the sale of each ticket, showing the date, points of departure and destination and the amount paid for it.

The ordinance regulating runners was passed; also the ordinance repairing West Poppleton avenue.

A memorial on the death of Vincent Burkeley, father of Councilman Frank J. Burkeley of the Eighth ward, was adopted on the report of Messrs. Loback, Stuit and Mount. It was recalled that Mr. Burkeley had been a member of the pioneer state legislature and the first Board of Education; also a member of the city council in the past.

HIGH COURT OF FORESTERS

Governing Body of the Nebraska Jurisdiction of the Order Considers Its Business.

The High court session of the Independent Order of Foresters, held yesterday in the Continental block, was attended by about fifty delegates from all parts of the state. The meeting was called to order about 11 o'clock and after a brief session adjourned for lunch. In the afternoon the meeting began the election of officers. Officers immediately elected were: W. A. Wyatt, past high chief ranger of Missouri, presided over the meetings and it was due largely to his parliamentary skill that all business was disposed of in so short a time.

The following are the officers who were chosen: W. A. Hall, past high chief ranger; Dr. J. W. Alkin, high chief ranger; T. M. Henderson, vice high chief ranger; E. J. Sullivan, high counselor; T. L. Coombs, high secretary; J. P. Brown and G. A. Rohrbough, high auditors; Robert M. Morrison, high journal secretary; Charles Humbolt, high treasurer.

T. L. Coombs was chosen delegate to the supreme court session, which meets in Toronto on August 25, and Dr. Alkin was instructed to vote for the admission of women to mortuary benefits and to do all in his power to persuade a large representation of Foresters to visit the Transmississippi Exposition.

In the evening the delegates were entertained at the exposition as guests of the high court officers.

NOW THE TIME TO BORROW

Plenty of Good Money in the Banks is to Be Had Cheap.

Prospective borrowers in Omaha and vicinity, who have good collateral, will probably never have an opportunity to secure money so easily, and at so low a rate of interest as at the present time. All of the banks have an abundance of money which they are anxious to loan, and all report little demand.

H. B. Wood, cashier of the Merchants' National bank, says the present conditions are not profitable to the banking business, but are doubtless satisfactory to the public generally. Farmers and business men seem to have all the money they need for their present requirements, and are, therefore, not necessitated to call upon their banker for accommodations. He looks for a better demand when the crops begin to move, when it will require a large amount of money to handle what the state has raised during the year.

H. W. Yates, president of the Nebraska National bank, confirms the statement as to the quantity of money held by the banks in Omaha, and says he feels safe that loans on good security can be secured at 5 per cent. "The lack in the demand," said he, "is due more to cautiousness of our business men than to the possession by them of sufficient money for their wants. The experiences of the last few years have been a dearth bought lesson to nearly all the people, and they are not venturing into anything which does not promise a sure return on their money. They have also learned that the best laid plans of business men and others are often destroyed through unwise political agitation. This makes them hesitate until such time as they feel assured that this agitation has passed the stage where it can be much of a factor."

"Conditions should not be thus. Capital should ever be willing to be risked on investment. That is what it is for. No matter if it shall sometimes be lost, that is what makes good times. So long as capital holds back until it thinks it sees a sure thing, just so long will times to a certain extent be dull. The recent heavy subscriptions to the new government war loan were not so much an evidence of abundance of money in the country as they were a testimony that that money is idle, and bringing the owner no return."

"Tell your friends," said C. W. Lyman, president of the Commercial National bank, "that if they will bring us first-class collateral we will furnish them all the money they can carry away. There is lots of money in the banks in Omaha, but it cannot be told how long this condition will remain. If any considerable portion of the new war loan should be allotted to this vicinity, it may make heavy inroads upon the surplus. It is possible that many who have subscribed to that loan haven't their money on deposit in the banks, but it is known that a large number of others are depositors, and if their bids are accepted it will draw upon the supply of the banks just to that amount."

Mr. Lyman looks for an improvement in the demand for money when the time comes to move the crops of this year.

MRS. PINKHAM'S ADVICE

What Mrs. Nell Hurst has to Say About It.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—When I wrote to you I had not been well for five years; had doctored all the time but got no